El Paso Community College Syllabus Part II Official Course Description

SUBJECT AREA	Respiratory	Respiratory Care Technology RSPT 2453				
COURSE RUBRIC AND NUMBER	RSPT 2453					
COURSE TITLE	Neonatal/Pe	Neonatal/Pediatric Cardiopulmonary Care				
COURSE CREDIT HOURS	4	4	:	0		
	Credits	Lec	•	Lab		

I. Catalog Description

Studies neonatal /pediatric cardiopulmonary care. A grade of "C" or better is required in this course to take the next course. **Corequisite: RSPT 2358. (4:0)**

II. Course Objectives

A. Unit I. Development of the Respiratory System

- 1. Describe the periods of lung development.
- 2. Identify the key elements of normal fetal anatomy.
- 3. Identify the key elements of normal fetal circulation.
- 4. Explain an abnormal transition of the fetus from uterine to extra-uterine life and recall the appropriate interventions required.
- 5. Describe the key anatomical and physiological differences between the neonate, child, and adult that dictate a different care plan.
- 6. Describe the development of the placenta and umbilical cord and identify the major anatomical structures of each.
- 7. Describe how ultrasonography is used to assess fetal status.
- 8. Define amniocentesis and describe the role of each of the following:
 - a. L/S ratio
 - b. Bilirubin level
 - c. Describe meconium staining.
- 9. Describe the importance of overcoming surface forces in adapting to extrauterine life.

B. Unit II. Assessment of the Newborn

- 1. Assess the fetus and newborn infant, explaining maternal and fetal risk factors that lead to adverse outcomes.
- 2. Recognize the physical signs that are used to determine gestational age.
- 3. List purposes of the neonatal physical examination.
- 4. Discuss the physiology of thermoregulation including a description of the thermo neutral zone and nonshivering thermogenesis.
- 5. Discuss how a neonate reacts to cold stress and to hyperthermia.
- 6. Assess the fetus and newborn using blood gas interpretation from UAC, UVC and cord samples.

C. Unit III. General Management of the Critical Ill Neonate

- 1. Discuss why x-rays alone cannot be used for diagnosis
- 2. Describe a systematic method of interpreting a chest x-ray.
- 3. List the indications for chest physiotherapy and aerosolized drug therapy.
- 4 Discuss the procedure for placement of an inline SVN to a mechanical ventilator.
- 5. Describe the indications for and hazards of suctioning.
- 6. Discuss the indications for and hazards of oxygen therapy.

D. Unit IV. Common Disorders of the Newborn

- 1. Discuss the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and treatment for the following neonatal disease processes:
 - a. Meconium aspiration syndrome
 - b. Respiratory distress syndrome
 - c. Transient tachypnea of the newborn
 - d. Apnea of prematurity
 - e. Persistent pulmonary hypertension.
 - f. Congenital abnormalities.
 - g. Bronchopulmonary dysplasia
- 2. Identify and describe the four stages of intraventricular hemorrhage.
- 3. Define asphyxia and identify its incidence in neonates.
- 4. Describe the pathophysiologic changes that occur with asphyxia, its consequences, and treatment.
- 5. Identify the cause of meconium release in utero.
- 6. Describe the diagnosis and treatment of meconium aspiration.
- 7. Relate the diagnosis and treatment of a pneumothorax to a pneumomediastinum and pneumopericardium.
- 8. Identify and discuss those factors responsible for the onset of transient tachypnea of the newborn (TTN).
- 9. Describe the indications for phototherapy use.

E. Unit V Congenital Heart Disease

Identify and synthesize aspects associated with the following conditions of congenital heart disease in terms of etiology, radiologic findings, pathogenesis, pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis.

- A. Tetralogy of Fallot
 - B. Ventricular Septal Defect
 - C. Atrial Septal Defect
 - D. Patent Ductus Arteriosus
 - E. Coarctation of the Aorta

F. Unit VI. Pediatric Respiratory Care

- 1. Identify the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and treatment regimens for the following pediatric disorders:
 - a. Sudden infant death syndrome and preventive measures.
 - b. Gastroesophageal reflux
 - c. Bronchiolitis
 - d. Croup
 - e. Epiglottitis
 - f. Cystic fibrosis
- 2. Identify the respiratory disorders in children with lung disease.
- 3. Describe the pathophysiology and mechanisms by which reflux causes respiratory dysfunction.
- 4. Identify and describe the indication for pneumogram studies with and without pH probe.

III. THECB Learning Outcomes (WECM)

- 1. Describe fetal development and transition to extrauterine life.
- 2. Assess maternal and fetal history.
- 3. Modify therapy to neonatal/pediatric patients.
- 4. Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and management of neonatal/pediatric disorders.
- 5. Analyze, interpret and apply patient data in selective patient care settings.

IV. Evaluation

1. Grading Scale:

90 to 100 A 80 to 89 B 75 to 79 C 74 or below I or F

2. <u>Grade Percentage of final grade</u>:

Unit Exams 60%
Home Work & Quizzes 20%
Final Exam 20%
Total 100%

V. Disability Statement (Americans with/Disabilities Act [ADA])

EPCC offers a variety of services to persons with documented sensory, mental, physical, or temporary disabling conditions to promote success in classes. If you have a disability and believe you may need services, you are encouraged to contact the Center for Students with Disabilities to discuss your needs with a counselor. All discussions and documentation are kept confidential. Offices located: VV Rm C-112 (831-2426); TM Rm 1400 (831-5808); RG Rm B-201 (831-4198); NWC Rm M-54 (831-8815); and MDP Rm A-125 (831-7024).

VI. 6 Drop Rule

Students who began attending Texas public institutions of higher education for the first time during the Fall 2007 semester or later are subject to a 6-Drop limit for all undergraduate classes. Developmental, ESL, Dual Credit and Early College High School classes are exempt from this rule. All students should consult with their instructor before dropping a class. Academic assistance is available. Students are encouraged to see Counseling Services if dropping because exemptions may apply. Refer to the EPCC catalog and website for additional information.