El Paso Community College Syllabus Part II Official Course Description

SUBJECT AREA	Medical Imaging Technology-Radiography
COURSE RUBRIC AND NUMBER	RADR 2333
COURSE TITLE	Advanced Medical Imaging
COURSE CREDIT HOURS	3 2 : 4 Credits Lec Lab

I. Catalog Description

Explores specialized imaging modalities. Includes concepts and theories of equipment operations and their integration for medical diagnosis. A grade of "C" or better is required in this course to take the next course. **Corequisite: RADR 2431. (2:4). Lab fee.**

II. Course Objectives

- A. Unit I The X-ray Tube
 - 1. Describe six support designs for the x-ray tube. A4, F1, F3
 - 2. List the protective components of the tube housing. A2, F2
 - 3. Identify the components of the glass or metal envelope that comprise the x-ray tube. B2, F3, G1
 - 4. Discuss cathode and filament current. A4, F1
 - 5. Describe the parts of the anode and the induction motor that spins the rotating anode. A4, F1
 - 6. Identify the three causes of x-ray tube failure. B2, F3, G1
 - 7. Explain the use of tube rating charts to prevent tube failure. A4, F1, F3
- B. Unit II Fluoroscopy
 - 1. Discuss the history of fluoroscopy. A4, F2, F3
 - 2. Explain visual physiology in relation to fluoroscopic illumination. A4, F1, F3
 - 3. Describe the parts of the fluoroscopic image intensifier. A4, F1, G1
 - 4. Calculate flux gain and brightness gain. A3, B3
 - 5. List the approximate kVp levels for seven common fluoroscopic examinations. A2, F2
 - 6. Discuss the role of the television monitor and television image in forming the fluoroscopic image. A4, F1, G1
- C. Unit III Angiography & Interventional Radiography
 - 1. State the meaning of the initials RT (CV) (ARRT). A4, F1
 - 2. Discuss the Seldinger technique for vascular access. A4, F1
 - 3. Describe the most common route of vascular access. A4, F1
 - 4. List the four sections of an angiographic catheter. A2, F2
 - 5. Name the four catheters most commonly used in angiointerventional radiography. A4, F1
 - 6. Discuss the type of contrast media most often in used today during angiointerventional procedures. A4, F1
 - 7. List the step-by-step preparation and monitoring of a patient having an angiointerventional procedure. A2, F2
 - 8. Name the three risks of arteriography. A4, F1
 - 9. Describe the five types of equipment in the angiointerventional suite. A4, F1

- D. Unit IV Digital X-ray Imaging
 - 1. Discuss the frequency of use of digital imaging in modern diagnostic imaging departments. A4, F1
 - 2. Relate the research and development of digital imaging. A4, F1
 - 3. Explain the characteristics of digital images, specifically image matrix and dynamic range. A4, F1, F3
 - 4. Describe the parts of a digital fluoroscopy system and their functions. A4, F1, G1
 - 5. Discuss the components and use of a digital radiography system. A4, F1, G1
 - 6. Explain the picture archiving and teleradiology systems used in diagnostic imaging departments. A4, F1, F3
- E. Unit V Alternative Film Procedures
 - 1. List the directional movements of the tomographic unit. A2, F2
 - 2. Explain tomographic motion blur theory. A4, F1, F3
 - 3. Discuss the relationship between tomographic angle and section thickness. A4, F1
 - 4. Identify the sequence of steps in performing stereoradiography. B2, F3, G1
 - 5. Demonstrate the stereoradiographic viewing process. F3
 - 6. Describe magnification radiography technique and use. A4, F1
- F. Unit VI Introduction to Mammography
 - 1. Discuss the differences between soft tissue radiography and conventional radiography. A4, F1
 - 2. Discuss the advantages of mammographic compression. A4, F1
 - 3. Describe the composition of the tube target in a mammographic unit. A4, F1
 - 4. Indicate tube filtration used in mammography. B2, F3, G1
 - 5. List the grid ratio and line pairs per millimeter used in a mammographic grid. A2, F2
 - 6. Describe the image receptors used in mammography. A4, F1
- G. Unit VII Introduction to Computed Tomography
 - 1. Discuss the concepts of transaxial tomography, translation, and reconstruction of images. A4, F1
 - 2. List and describe the five generations of CT scanners. A2, F2
 - 3. Relate the CT system components and their functions. A4, F1
 - 4. Describe CT image characteristics of image matrix and CT numbers. A4, F1
 - 5. Review image reconstruction. A4, F1, F3
 - 6. Discuss image quality as it relates to spatial resolution, contrast resolution, system noise, linearity, and spatial uniformity. A4, F1

III. THECB Learning Outcomes (WECM)

- 1. Differentiate the specialized imaging modalities and associated equipment.
- 2. Identify and compare anatomy as imaged by different modalities.

IV. Evaluation

- A. Methods
 - 1. Written assignments and quizzes
 - 2. Unit examinations
 - 3. Comprehensive final examination
- B. Grading Scale

93	-	100	=	Α
85	-	92	=	В
75	-	84	=	С
65	-	74	=	D
64 d	& below	/	=	F

A total final course grade of below C (i.e., less than 70%) is not acceptable for completion of this course.

C. Final Grade Determination

The final grade determination for this course is calculated as follows:

Written assignments & quizzes	10% toward final grade
Unit examinations	60% toward final grade
Comprehensive final examination	30% toward final grade
TOTAL	100%

V. Disability Statement (Americans with/Disabilities Act [ADA])

EPCC offers a variety of services to persons with documented sensory, mental, physical, or temporary disabling conditions to promote success in classes. If you have a disability and believe you may need services, you are encouraged to contact the Center for Students with Disabilities to discuss your needs with a counselor. All discussions and documentation are kept confidential. Offices located: VV Rm C-112 (831-2426); TM Rm 1400 (831-5808); RG Rm B-201 (831-4198); NWC Rm M-54 (831-8815); and MDP Rm A-125 (831-7024).

VI. 6 Drop Rule

Students who began attending Texas public institutions of higher education for the first time during the Fall 2007 semester or later are subject to a 6-Drop limit for all undergraduate classes. Developmental, ESL, Dual Credit and Early College High School classes are exempt from this rule. All students should consult with their instructor before dropping a class. Academic assistance is available. Students are encouraged to see Counseling Services if dropping because exemptions may apply. Refer to the EPCC catalog and website for additional information.